Home Isolation and Quarantine Instructions for People with Coronavirus-2019 (COVID-19) Infection and their Household or Close Contacts

Updated December 18, 2020

What is the difference between Isolation and Quarantine?

1. **ISOLATION** keeps someone who is sick or tested positive for COVID-19 without symptoms away from others, even in their own home. If you have a lab confirmation, or a doctor’s diagnosis, of COVID-19, you are subject to Health Officer Order of Isolation at [http://www.acphd.org/2019-ncov/resources/quarantine-and-isolation](http://www.acphd.org/2019-ncov/resources/quarantine-and-isolation)

2. **QUARANTINE** keeps someone who was in close contact with someone who has COVID-19 away from others. If you are a household or close contact to a person with COVID-19, you are subject to Health Officer Order of Quarantine at [http://www.acphd.org/2019-ncov/resources/quarantine-and-isolation](http://www.acphd.org/2019-ncov/resources/quarantine-and-isolation)

3. For asymptomatic employees and health care personnel being tested as part of routine workplace testing efforts, it is not necessary to isolate while awaiting test results. Isolation is required, however, for any positive test result and for anyone tested because of suspected COVID-19 symptoms.
HOME ISOLATION INSTRUCTIONS

If you have been diagnosed with COVID-19 you must follow these Home Isolation steps to prevent the spread of disease. If you test positive, please expect a call from us, your local health department, to see how you are feeling and to conduct contact tracing. If you have been tested because of suspected COVID-19 symptoms and are awaiting test results, follow these Isolation instructions until the test results arrive.

Stay home until you are recovered

- Most people with COVID-19 will have mild illness and can get better with proper home care without the need to see a provider. If you are 65 years and older, pregnant, or have a health condition such as heart disease, asthma, lung disease, diabetes, kidney disease, or a weakened immune system, you are at a higher risk of more serious illness or complications.
- Do not go to work, school, or public areas.
- Stay home until at least 10 days since you first became ill AND at least 1 day after you have recovered. Recovery means that your fever is gone for 24 hours without the use of fever-reducing medications (e.g. Tylenol®) and your symptoms (e.g. cough, shortness of breath, etc.) have improved.
  - For example, if you started to feel sick with COVID-19 on January 1, you would stay in isolation until January 10, and be able to go back to work or school on January 11, as long as you no longer had a fever and feel better.
- If you never became ill but have COVID-19, stay home for at least 10 days, including the date of your test.
- People in your home, your intimate partners, and caregivers are considered “close contacts” and should follow the Home Quarantine Instructions. This includes persons who had close contact with you from 48 hours before your symptoms began until you isolated yourself. Please share this document with them.

What if you can’t separate yourself from others?

- Anyone who continues to be in close contact with you will need to begin a new quarantine cycle of 15 days from the last day they had close contact with you, or from the date you are released.

Are there special considerations for health care workers, including people who work in long term care facilities (LTCF) like nursing homes or assisted living facilities?

After returning to work, health care workers must follow special workplace requirements.

- Health care workers must be restricted from contact with severely immunocompromised (for example, transplant, hematology-oncology) patients for 14 days from onset of symptoms (or from test date if there were no symptoms).
Can someone develop a second infection from COVID-19?

It is possible to develop a second infection, but this is very rare, especially if less than 90 days have passed since the first symptoms of COVID-19 or a positive test.

- If you have recovered from a COVID-19 infection and develop new symptoms, it is best to talk to a health care provider. The provider may recommend getting a new test, especially if more than 90 days have passed since your first symptoms began or had positive test.
- If you do not have any new symptoms, but have a positive test result within 90 days since the first symptoms or positive test for COVID-19, you do not need to isolate and your close contacts do not need to quarantine. Make sure to monitor yourself and see a health care provider if you do develop symptoms.

HOME QUARANTINE INSTRUCTIONS

If you live in the same household OR had close contact with someone diagnosed with COVID-19 (including contact from 48 hours before they experienced any symptoms until they self-isolated) you must follow these Home Quarantine steps. It can take 2-14 days to show symptoms, so you may not know for up to 14 days if you are infected or not. It is critical to stay home and monitor your own health during this time to prevent passing on potential infection to others.

What makes someone a close contact?

- Close contact means that you’ve been within 6 feet of the person with COVID-19 for at least 15 minutes or touched body fluids or secretions without using the appropriate precautions.
- Cumulative exposures that add up to 15 minutes or more within a day may be considered close contact depending on intensity of exposure (e.g., did the person have multiple interactions in a confined space with a symptomatic COVID-19 infected person).
- If you are unable to avoid close contact, you must stay in quarantine until 11 days from when the person with COVID-19 completes their isolation period. This is likely to be at least 24 days total.

How long should you stay home?

For most people, you should stay home for 10 days after you were last in close contact with the person with COVID-19. That means if you were in close contact on Day 0, you should stay home from Day 1- Day 10, and you can leave quarantine at Day 11.

Although 10 days is the general recommendation, staying home for 14 days after an exposure is the safest option.

What are the exceptions to the 10-day rule?

People should stay home for 14 days if they are in regular close contact with someone who is at higher risk of severe COVID-19 disease, such as someone with cancer or type II diabetes, or if they live or work in a congregate facility. Congregate facilities include:

- Long-term care facilities (LTCF)
- Correctional facilities
• Single Room Occupancy (SRO) hotels
• Dormitories
• Shelters for unhoused persons

Some essential workers may return to work earlier. Health care personnel, emergency workers, and social service workers who have routine face-to-face contact with social service workers who work face to face with clients in the child welfare system or in assisted living facilities—may return to work during critical staffing shortages after Day 7, as long as they have a negative PCR test performed after Day 5.

See the Alameda County COVID-19 website for more information at https://covid-19.acgov.org/isolation-quarantine#quarantine.

Should you be tested?

• If you can safely access testing, we do recommend that contacts be tested. Please note that a negative test result within the 10-day period does not mean that you cannot become positive later. You must stay home in quarantine for the entire 10-day period.

What if you develop symptoms?

• COVID-19 symptoms include cough, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing, fever, chills, repeated shaking with chills, muscle pain, headache, sore throat or loss of taste or smell.

If you develop symptoms, you may have COVID-19 and you should follow the Home Isolation Instructions. Make sure to contact a health care provider and get tested if possible.
Restrictions and Information Applying to Both Those in Home Isolation and Quarantine

- Stay home. Do not go to work, school, or public areas.
- Separate yourself from others in your home. Stay in a specific room and away from other people in your home as much as possible. It is very important to stay away from people who are at higher risk of serious illness.
- Use a separate bathroom, if available.
- Do not prepare or serve food to others.
- Do not allow visitors into your home.
- Do not use public transportation, ride shares or taxis.

Prevent the spread:
- Cover your coughs and sneezes. Cover your mouth and nose with a tissue or sneeze into your sleeve -- not into your hands -- then throw away the tissue into a lined trash can and immediately wash your hands.
- Wash your hands often and thoroughly with soap and water for at least 20 seconds - especially after coughing, sneezing, or blowing your nose, or after going to the bathroom. Alcohol-based hand sanitizer with a minimum content of 62% alcohol can be used instead of soap and water if the hands are not visibly dirty.
- Avoid sharing household items. Do not share dishes, cups, utensils, towels, bedding and other items with people in your home. After using these items, wash them thoroughly with soap and water. Laundry may be washed in a standard washing machine with warm water and detergent; bleach may be added but is not necessary.
- Clean and disinfect all “high-touch” surfaces every day. High touch surfaces include, e.g. counters, tabletops, doorknobs, fixtures, toilets, phones, tv remotes, keys, keyboards, tables, and bedside tables. Also, clean and disinfect any surfaces that may have body fluids on them. Use household cleaning and disinfectant sprays or wipes, according to the product label instructions.

Practice home care:
- Rest, drink plenty of fluids, take acetaminophen (Tylenol®) to reduce fever and pain.
  - Note that children younger than age 2 should not be given any over-the-counter cold medication without first speaking with a doctor.
  - Note that medicines do not “cure” COVID-19 and do not stop you from spreading the germs.
- Seek medical care if your symptoms get worse, especially if you are at a higher risk of serious illness.
  - Symptoms that indicate you should seek medical care include increased difficulty breathing, persistent pain or pressure in the chest, new confusion, inability to wake or stay awake, bluish lips of face. This list is not all possible symptoms. Please call your medical provider for any other symptoms that are severe or concerning to you.
• If possible, call ahead before going to your doctor’s office or hospital and tell them you are in Isolation for COVID-19 to prepare health care personnel for your arrival and protect others from getting infected.
  o Do not wait in any waiting rooms and wear a facemask at all times if possible.
  o If you call 911, you must notify the dispatch and paramedics that you are under isolation for COVID-19.
  o Do NOT use public transportation.

Will public health notify my workplace?
Public Health will not notify or release any personal information about you to your workplace unless it is necessary to do to protect your health or the health of others.

Thank you for your cooperation in this important public health matter.

COVID-19 can be stressful for people, here are some tips for managing emotional health during uncertain times:

CDC tips for coping with stress during a pandemic:

Expanded versions of these instructions and all Health Officer Orders are available at:
https://covid-19.acgov.org/isolation-quarantine

If you have additional questions, please visit www.acphd.org, call our general COVID line at 510-268-2101 or email us at n cov@acgov.org.
TO: All Employers in Alameda County

FROM: Nicholas J. Moss, MD, MPH, Health Officer

SUBJECT: Negative COVID-19 test results NOT required for return to work

The Alameda County Public Health Department (ACPHD) is committed to ensuring the health and safety of everyone who lives or works in Alameda County. We appreciate your compliance with State and local requirements for workplace safety, including requiring the use of face coverings, ensuring everyone stays 6 feet apart, conducting regular symptom checks, and supporting sick employees in staying home.

COVID-19 is widespread in our community and you may have employees who get the virus. Per our Health Officer Orders, people with COVID-19 are required to stay home and away from others in isolation for at least 10 days. On day 11, if they no longer have a fever and other symptoms have improved, they can leave isolation and return to work. **ACPHD strongly recommends employers allow people with COVID-19 to return to work 10 days after symptom onset (or from first positive test if no symptoms).**

Most people in close contact with someone with COVID-19 are required to stay home in quarantine for at least 10 days after the last date of contact. On day 11, if they never developed symptoms, they can leave quarantine and return to work. Some groups should adhere to a 14-day quarantine; this includes people who are in close contact with persons at high risk of severe disease of COVID-19 (for example, patients with type II diabetes or undergoing cancer treatment), as well as people who live or work in congregate facilities (for example, jails, dormitories, and nursing homes). We advise against requiring a negative test to return to work for people who have completed their quarantine.

These recommendations are the public health standard based on scientific evidence and guidance from the California Department of Public Health (CDPH) and the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Repeat testing for people who have previously tested positive is not necessary – it has little clinical value; and the evidence is clear that the vast majority of people are unlikely to be infectious after 10 days.

Negative clearance tests are not an effective way to determine if a person is contagious, as very sensitive tests can pick up on dead virus particles weeks after a person has stopped being contagious. Clearance testing also strains the healthcare infrastructure needed for people who have not been tested and those who are at high risk. **ACPHD does not provide clearance letters for people to return to work, and notes from doctors or medical providers are also not advised.**

Thank you for your cooperation and the important role that you play in keeping our communities safe.

Resources for additional information:
Links for More Information

- Everything that has to do with Isolation of a Case and Quarantine of Contacts in Alameda County, including Health Office Orders and Instructions for Isolations and Quarantine: https://covid-19.acgov.org/isolation-quarantine.page
- Resources for employers in Alameda County: https://covid-19.acgov.org/recovery.page

Definitions

| Case | A person who is lab-confirmed to have COVID-19  
Must stay in isolation and kept out of the workplace for at least ten (10) days. During the last 24 hours of their isolation, they must have no fever without taking Tylenol or other medications that could reduce a fever, and all other symptoms must be consistently improving. If a person meets all of these criteria, they are considered no longer infectious. If they do not meet all of these criteria, they need to remain in isolation until they are met. They may release themselves from isolation and return to life as normal. This includes going back to work. |
| Contact | All household members of a case, caregivers of a case, or any other person who spent ≥15 minutes within 6 feet of a case during the case’s infectious period (with or without a mask).  
A contact is someone who has been exposed to a case during the infectious period. The CDC defines an exposure as being within 6 feet, with or without a mask, of the infected individual for 15 minutes or longer. Cumulative exposures that add up to 15 minutes or more within a day may be considered close contact. |
| Infectious Period | The time period during which a case may give the virus to others – when they are contagious.  
START of Infectious Period: 48-hours prior to first symptoms (symptomatic cases only), OR 48-hours prior to date of specimen collection (cases with no symptoms only).  
END of Infectious Period: Minimum of 10 days and at least 24 hours or recovery |
| Incubation Period | The time between when a contact is exposed until they develop symptoms (or could potentially develop symptoms)  
Incubation period length: 2-14 days following an exposure (exposures can be ongoing) |
Resources to Help Your Family

Statewide COVID-19 Hotline: 1-833-422-4255 - 7 days a week

Alameda County Public Health Department (ACPHD) COVID-19 Website
https://covid-19.acgov.org/index.page

Resources Page: https://covid-19.acgov.org/help

ACPHD COVID-19 Hotline: (510) 268-2101 ncov@acgov.org

Food
• Food Bank: (510) 635-3663 – for all food distribution programs

Health Care Benefits
• The Health Insurance Enrollment Assistance, Health Insurance Technicians: 1-800-422-9495
• Apply online for MediCAL and other programs: https://www.mybenefitscalwin.org/

Mental Health/Counseling
• ACCESS- 1-800-491-9099 8:30-5:00 M-F
• Crisis Support Services of Alameda County (24 hours)- 1-800-273-8255
  https://covid-19.acgov.org/coping.page

Financial Assistance
Check your local city government for city specific COVID-related financial assistance:
• Oakland- https://www.oaklandca.gov/topics/covid-19
• Alameda- https://www.alamedaca.gov/ALERTS-COVID-19
• San Leandro- https://www.sanleandro.org/c19/
• Hayward- https://www.hayward-ca.gov/covid-19
• Fremont- https://www.fremont.gov/3571/Coronavirus-Disease-2019
• Berkeley- https://www.cityofberkeley.info/covid-19/
• Albany- https://www.albanyca.org/our-city/covid-19-response-resources
• Emeryville- http://www.emeryville.org/coronavirus
• Newark- https://www.newark.org/residents/covid-19-coronavirus
• Dublin- https://www.dublin.ca.gov/coronavirus
• Livermore- https://cityoflivermore.net/about/emergency/covid19.htm
• Union City- https://www.unioncity.org/445/Coronavirus-Disease-COVID-19
• Piedmont- https://piedmont.ca.gov/government/covid-19

Housing and Other Resources
• Call 211

Career/Jobs (Career Centers)
• **Eden Area**  
  Websites: [www.edenareaonestop.org](http://www.edenareaonestop.org)  
  Email: edenareaajcc@rubiconprograms.org  
  Phone: (510) 672-4150 or (925) 914-7675

• **Tri-Cities**  
  Website: [www.ohlone.edu/careercenter](http://www.ohlone.edu/careercenter)  
  Email: [careercenter@ohlone.edu](mailto:careercenter@ohlone.edu)  
  Phone: (510) 742-2323

• **North Cities**  
  Email: coa-ncitiescc@peralta.edu  
  Phone: (510) 748-2208

• **Tri-Valley**  
  Website: [www.trivalleyonestop.org](http://www.trivalleyonestop.org)  
  Email: [employerservices@clpccd.org](mailto:employerservices@clpccd.org)  
  Phone: (925) 560-9431
Recursos para ayudar a tu familia

Línea Estatal de COVID-19: 1-833-422-4255 - 7 días a la semana

Página Web del Departamento de Salud del Condado de Alameda COVID-19
https://covid-19.acgov.org/index.page

Página de Recursos: https://covid-19.acgov.org/help

COVID-19 Línea del Condado de Alameda Salud Publica: (510) 268-2101 ncov@acgov.org

Comida
- Banco de Comida: (510) 635-3663 – Para todos los programas de distribución.

Beneficios de Salud
- Ayuda de Técnicos de Seguros Médicos para inscripción de seguro:1-800-422-9495
- Aplique por línea para Medi-CAL y otros programas: https://www.mybenefitscalwin.org/

Salud Mental/Consejería
- ACCESS- 1-800-491-9099 8:30-5:00 L-V
- Condado de Alameda Línea de Crisis (24 horas)- 1-800-273-8255
  https://covid-19.acgov.org/coping.page

Asistencia Financiera
Cheque con su gobierno local para ayuda sobre COVID-19 recursos financieros:
- Oakland- https://www.oaklandca.gov/topics/covid-19
- San Leandro- https://www.sanleandro.org/c19/
- Hayward- https://www.hayward-ca.gov/covid-19
- Fremont- https://www.fremont.gov/3571/Coronavirus-Disease-2019
- Berkeley- https://www.cityofberkeley.info/covid-19/
- Emeryville- http://www.emeryville.org/coronavirus
- Newark- https://www.newark.org/residents/covid-19-coronavirus
- Dublin- https://www.dublin.ca.gov/coronavirus
- Livermore- https://cityoflivermore.net/about/emergency/covid19.htm
- Union City- https://www.unioncity.org/445/Coronavirus-Disease-COVID-19
- Piedmont- https://piedmont.ca.gov/government/covid-19

Recursos de Vivienda y Otros
- Lláme al “211”
Recursos/Ayuda de Empleo

- **Eden Area**
  Página Web: [www.edenareaonestop.org](http://www.edenareaonestop.org)
  Correo Electrónico: [edenareaajcc@rubiconprograms.org](mailto:edenareaajcc@rubiconprograms.org)
  Teléfono: (510) 672-4150 or (925) 914-7675

- **Tri-Cities**
  Página Web: [www.ohlone.edu/careercenter](http://www.ohlone.edu/careercenter)
  Correo Electrónico: [careercenter@ohlone.edu](mailto:careercenter@ohlone.edu)
  Teléfono: (510) 742-2323

- **North Cities**
  Correo Electrónico: [coa-nctiescc@peralta.edu](mailto:coa-nctiescc@peralta.edu)
  Teléfono: (510) 748-2208

- **Tri-Valley**
  Página Web: [www.trivalleyonestop.org](http://www.trivalleyonestop.org)
  Correo Electrónico: [employerservices@clpccd.org](mailto:employerservices@clpccd.org)
  Teléfono: (925) 560-9431